Table of contents Instructions: W0010041 Product: Kl alternator Part no.: 0 120 4.. I02/1 Special features Structure, usage I07/1 General information I08/1 Safety measures I09/1 Testers, equipment, I12/1 tools Lubricants I15/1 Test values and settings I16/1 Tightening torques I19/1 Circuit diagram 121/1 127/1 Alternator Disassembly/-Test -Table Component cleaning II23/1 Alternator assembly table II24/1 Continue: IO1/2

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Editorial note

III13/1

SPECIAL FEATURES These instructions contain repair operations and the corresponding test specifications for the alternators 0 120 4.. ... and 6 033 G.. ... K1 (RL) 14 V. Continue: I02/2 SPECIAL FEATURES Note: These repair instructions were compiled on the basis of alternators 0 120 489 346 and 0 120 488 205. The various alternator versions can be seen from the appropriate parts lists.

SPECIAL FEATURES

Certain versions feature a modified bearing seat on the collector-ring end to increase the vibration resistance of the alternators. There are two types:

- Collector-ring end shield with O-ring
- Collector-ring end shield with plastic bushing

N O T E : Subsequent conversion of collector-ring end shield to type 1 or type 2 is not possible on account of end-shield dimensions.

Continue: I03/2

SPECIAL FEATURES

The alternator housing is made of gray cast iron or die-cast aluminum. Particular care must be taken when dismantling and assembling die-cast aluminum version as the housing can easily become damaged. Deformation and surface damage may permanently impair the fit accuracy of the alternator components, which in turn may result in alternator damage during operation.

SPECIAL FEATURES

Since the end of 1976, various alternators with sheet-steel fan and pulley have been fitted in the course of further development with a supporting plate 1 120 140 009 between fan and belt-pulley assembly.

The 5 mm wide and 0.3 mm high embossment at the edge of the supporting plate presses against the fan. Depending on alternator design, a slotted washer or the belt pulley is mounted directly on the end facing the belt pulley.

The slotted washer/belt pulley presses with the 26 mm dia. collar against the supporting plate.

Continue: I04/2

SPECIAL FEATURES

Sheet-steel belt pulleys feature a second slotted washer. Spring lock washer or spring washer and securing nut remain unchanged. The tightening torque of the overall assembly is still 35...45 Nm. The clamping fixture 0 986 618 107 is required for holding the belt pulley when tightening the nut. Alternators with collar nut have a higher torque of 65...75 Nm.

SPECIAL FEATURES

Note:

Never use a screwdriver or the like to block the fan and pulley. Bent or damaged fan blades will result in ælternator damage.

The entire assembly is geared to the alignment of the V-belt. Alterations or assembly errors may cause damage.

Continue: I05/2

SPECIAL FEATURES

Alternator e.g.: K1 () 14 V 28/70A

N: = > Outer diameter

G = 100 ... 109 mm K = 120 ... 129 mm N = 130 ... 139 mm T = 170 ... 199 mm U = Above 200 mm

l: = > Type

l Claw pole 2 Salient pole 3 Windingless rotor

SPECIAL FEATURES K1 () 14 V 28/70A (): = > Direction of rotation (->) Or R = Clockwise Or L (<-) = Counterclockwise $(\langle -\rangle)$ Or RL = Clockwise and counterclockwise 14V: = > Alternator voltage in V = > Current at 1500 min~1 28A: 70A: = > Rated current in A measured at n = 6000 min-1

Continue: I01/1

A06

STRUCTURE, USAGE

```
PC user prompting:

Position cursor on button and confirm.

Microcard user prompting:

User prompting is provided on every

page e.g.:

- Continue: I 17/1

- Continue: II 18/1 Fig.: II 17/2

Brief instructions may include several

rows of coordinates.

I../. = first coordinate row

II../. = second coordinate row

III../. = third coordinate row

etc.

.../1 = upper coordinate half

.../2 = lower coordinate half
```

GENERAL

Expert repairs are only possible using the prescribed tools and measuring instruments, which are in perfect working order. We therefore recommend that exclusive use be made of the tools listed.

The use of incorrect and unsuitable tools and testers can lead to injury and may damage the product concerned or its component parts.

Continue: I08/2

GENERAL

Only use replacement parts given in the service parts list for the type of alternator concerned.

Proper functioning presupposes use of the lubricants specified in these instructions, both prior to and during assembly.

Absolute cleanliness is to be ensured when performing repair work.

SAFETY MEASURES

ATTENTION: FIRE RISK

For interference suppression, alternators are fitted with capacitors with a long storage time.

When washing out components, capacitor discharge may occur on immersing components in cleaning fluids, thus possibly causing inflammable liquids to catch fire.

Continue: I09/2

SAFETY MEASURES

For this reason, components with capacitors are only to be washed out in HAKU 1025/6.

SAFETY MEASURES

Always heed the following safety regulations: * German Order governing the use of flammable liquids (VbF). * Accident prevention regulations for electrical systems and equipment. * Safety regulations for the handling of chlorinated hydrocarbons: ZH 1/222 - For companies: - For employees: ZH 1/129 issued by the German industrial liability insurance associations (central association for accident prevention and industrial medicine), Langwartweg 103, 53129 Bonn.

Continue: I10/2

SAFETY MEASURES

Outside Germany, pay attention to appropriate local regulations.

Skin protection: To avoid skin irritation when handling oil and grease, apply hand cream before starting work and wash cream off when finished with soap and water.

Continue: Ill/1

SAFETY MEASURES

Component cleaning:

Only use compressed air (max. 4 bar) and a clean cloth for cleaning armature, excitation winding and alternator plate.

Never use liquid cleaning agents.

Other parts, such as intermediate bearing and drive-end bearing can be washed out in a standard cleaner which is not readily flammable.

Take care never to inhale vapors.

Continue: Ill/2

SAFETY MEASURES

Avoid fire, naked flames and sparks.

ATTENTION:

Thoroughly dry cleaned parts, as gases form and may cause an explosion.

Only use the stated tools. Injuries cannot be precluded if use is made of incorrect and unsuitable tools and testers.

 TESTERS, FIXTURES, TOOLS

 Testers:

 Tool board:
 0 986 618 010 (KDLJ T 100)

 Interturn short-circuit tester:
 0 986 619 110 (KDAW 9978)

 Test prods:
 0 986 619 101 or Old version:

Continue: Il2/2

TESTERS, FIXTURES, TOOLS Testers: 20 . Universal measuring instrument 0 684 500 302 MMD 392: or Electrical-system tester ETE 014.00: 0 684 101 400 1 687 233 011 Dial indicator: Magnetic measurement 4 851 601 124 stand: Alternator tester WPG 012.00: 0 684 201 200

Continue: Il3/1

TESTERS, FIXTURES, TOOLS Tools: 3 feeler gauges: 0 986 618 378 (KDZV 7399) 0.15 ... 0.6 mm Mandrel press: comm. avail. 0 986 619 362 Clamping support: (KDAW 9999) Two V-blocks: comm. avail. Clamping fixture for belt pulley: 0 986 618 107 (KDLJ 6006)

Continue: I13/2

TESTERS, FIXTURES, TOOLS

Tools:

Clamping pin for mandrel press:

Socket wrench for belt pulley:

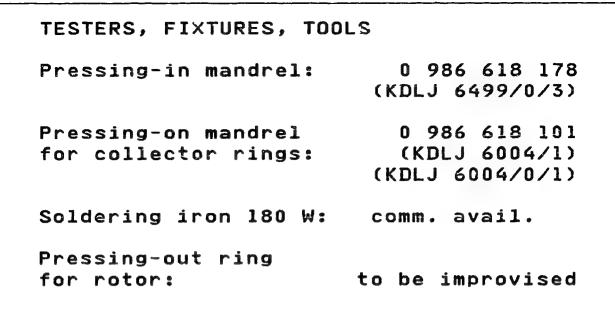
0 986 618 124 (KDLJ 6010)

0 986 618152 (KDLJ 6030)

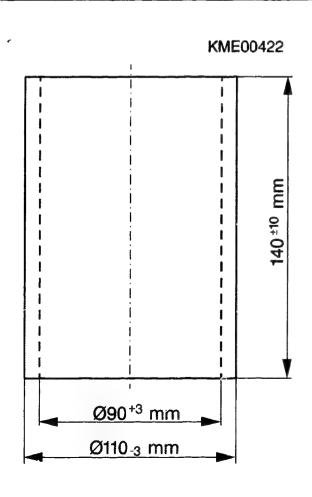
Allen key: comm. avail.

Continue: I14/1

A13



Continue: I01/1 Fig.: I14/2



LUBRICANTS AND ADHESIVES

General: Commutator and carbon brushes are to be kept free from grease and oil.

Greased parts are to be degreased before re-lubricating them.

On old versions with open ball bearing, grease Ftlv34 must be applied to the ball-bearing seat in the plastic race prior to assembly.

Continue: I15/2

LUBRICANTS AND ADHESIVES	
Dispersion adhesive KK57vl:	5 703 151 000
Silicone (Elastosil 07):	comm. avail.
Ftlv34:	5 700 009 000

TES	T SF	PECIFICAT	IONS /	AND SI	ETTIN	S S	
		resistan	ce:	0.1	ohms -	⊦10%	
Versions:							
K1	14V	28/22A:		0.26	ohms	+10%	
K1 [14V	35/20A:		0.26	ohms	+10%	
K1 (14V	35/21A:		0.26	ohms	+10%	
К1 🛛	14V	35/22A:		0.20	ohms	+10%	
К1 (14V	43/21A:		0.18	ohms	+10%	
K1 (14V	45/20A:		0.18	ohms	+10%	
K1 .	14V	45/22A:		0.17	ohms	+10%	
K1 :	14V	45/24A:		0.15	ohms	+10%	
K1 (14V	50/21A:		0.11	ohms	+10%	
К1 (14V	50/22A:		0.13	ohms	+10%	
K1 (14V	55/20A:		0.14	ohms	+10%	
K1 (14V	65/24A:	<	0.11	ohms		
K1 (14V	70/20A:	<	0.11	ohms		

Continue: I16/2

TEST SPECIFICATIONS AND SETTINGS

Rotor	resistance:	4.0	ohms	+10%	1)
Versio	ns:				
K1 14V	32/22A:	7.0	ohms	+10%	
K1 14V	35/21A:	5.2	ohms	+10%	
K1 14V	50/21A:	4.4	ohms	+10%	
K1 14V	65/21A:	2.8	ohms	+10%	
K1 14V	65/24A:	3.4	ohms	+10%	
K1 14V	70/20A:	2.8	ohms	+10%	

1) Figure for alternators with transistor regulator is 3.4 or 2.9 ohms.

TEST SPECIFICATIONS AND SETTINGS

Interfer.-suppr. 1.8...2,6 microfarad capacitor: Eccentricity: 0,05 mm OD of rotor: OD of collector rings: 0,03 mm Diameter of collector rings Table: Collector ring diameter Alternator New min. 0 120 400 ... 32.5 mm 31.5 mm 0 120 400 836 27.8 mm 26.8 mm 31.5 mm 0 120 489 ... 32.5 mm 26.8 mm 0 120 489 ... 27.8 mm

Continue: I17/2

TEST SPECIFICATIONS AND SETTINGS

Brush projection table: EE regulator 0 192 052 ... (collector ring diameter in parentheses)

 Alternator
 New
 min.

 0 120 489 ... (27.8) 14 mm
 5.0 mm

 0 120 489 ... (32.5) 10 mm
 5.0 mm

 EL regulator 0 192 311 0..
 5.0 mm

 Alternator
 New
 min.

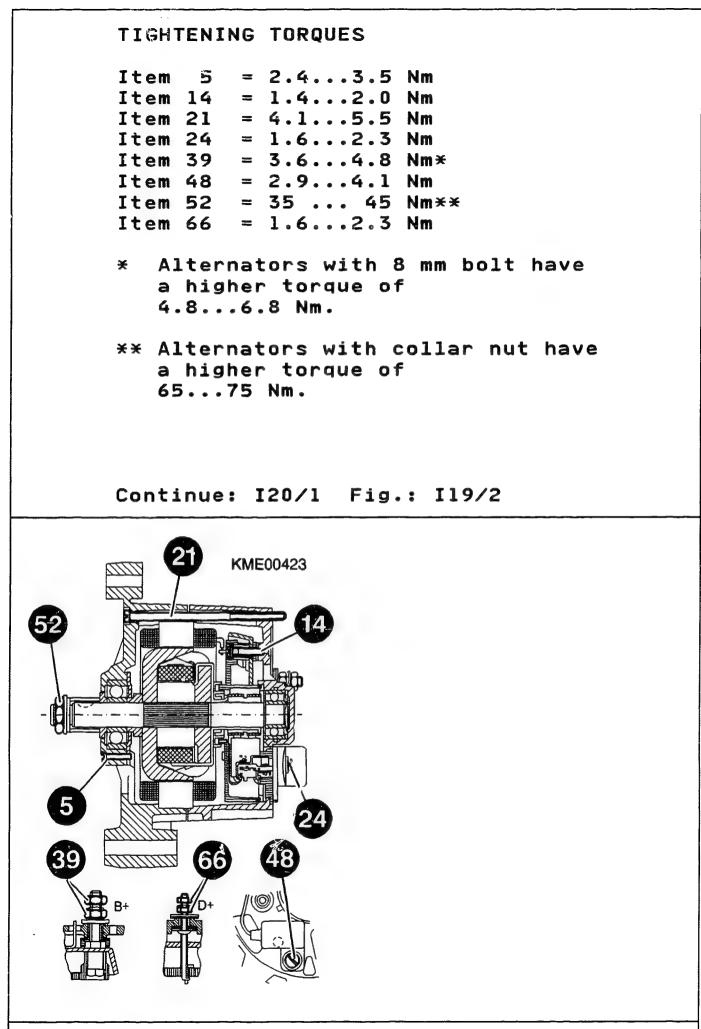
 0 120 489 ... (32.5) 11...12 mm
 5.0 mm

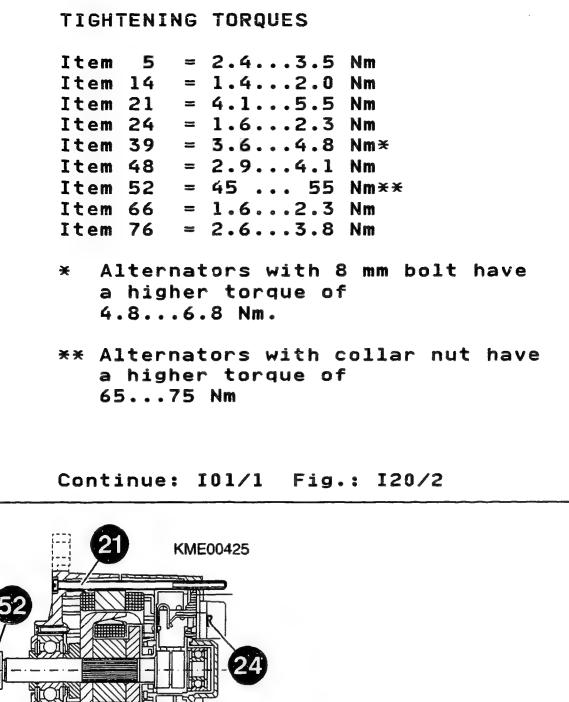
TEST SPECIFICATIONS AND SETTINGS

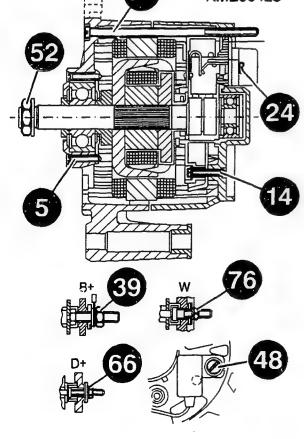
0 120 489 ... (27.8) 12..13 mm

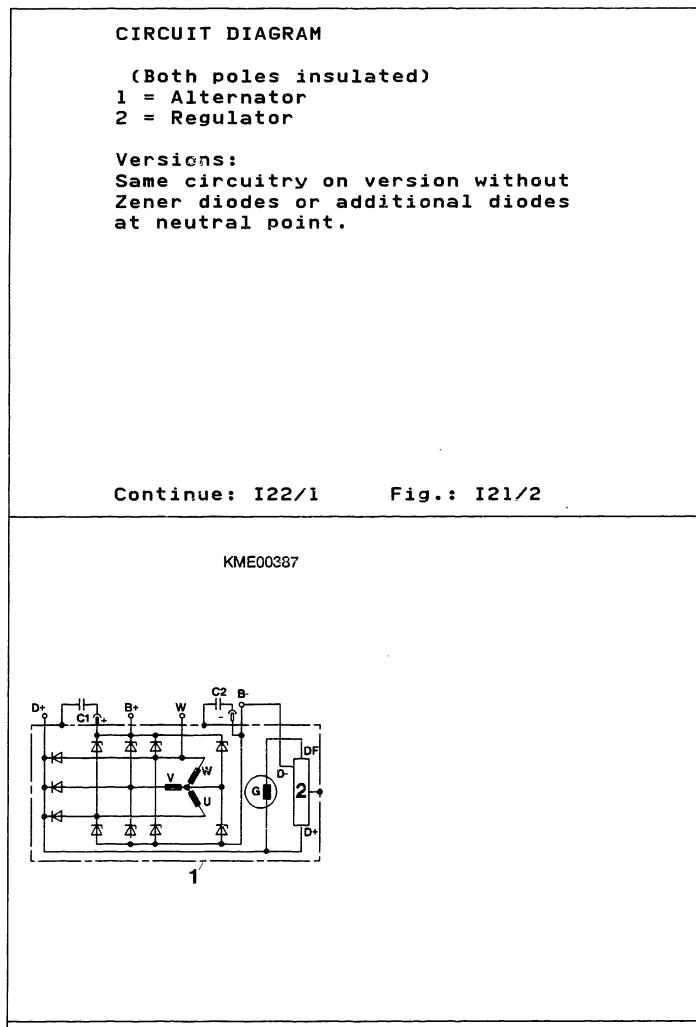
Brush projection table: EM regulator 0 192 311 1.. (collector ring diameter in parentheses) Alternator New min. 5.0 mm

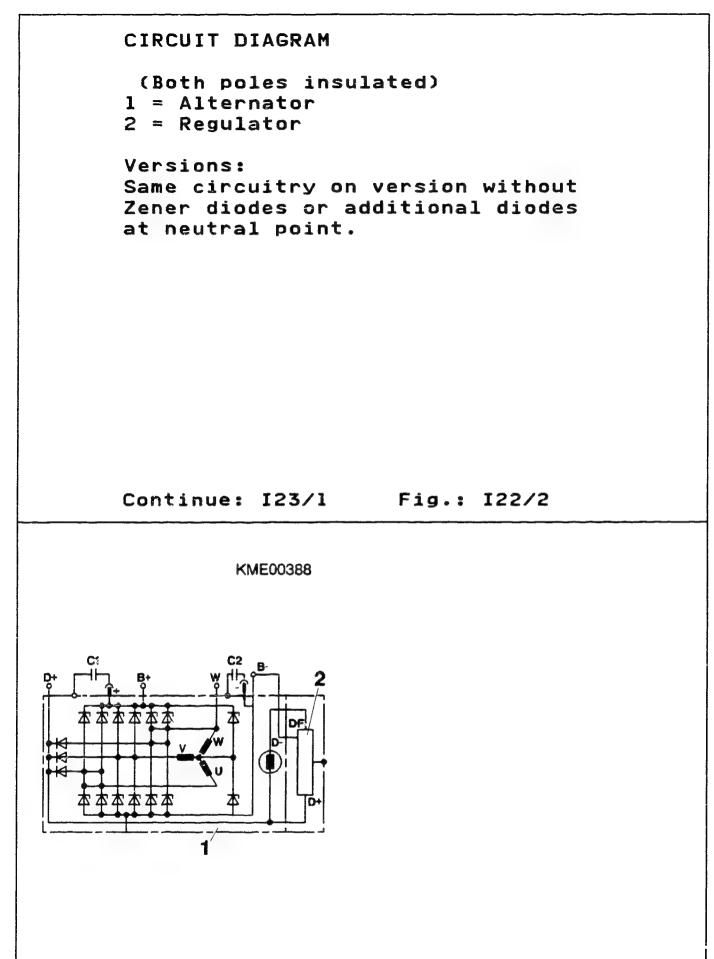
Externally mounted regulator 0 192 .. min. Alternator New 0 120 400 ... (27.8) 14 mm 5.0 mm 0 120 400 ... (32.5) 10 mm 5.0 mm 0 120 400 836 (27.8) 10 mm 5.0 mm

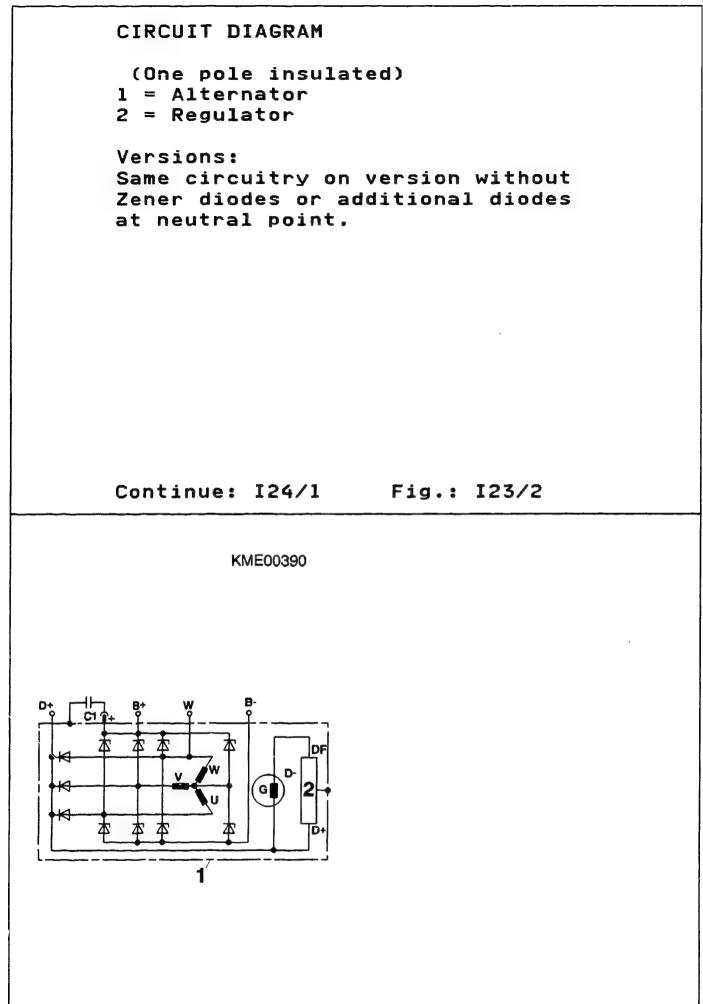




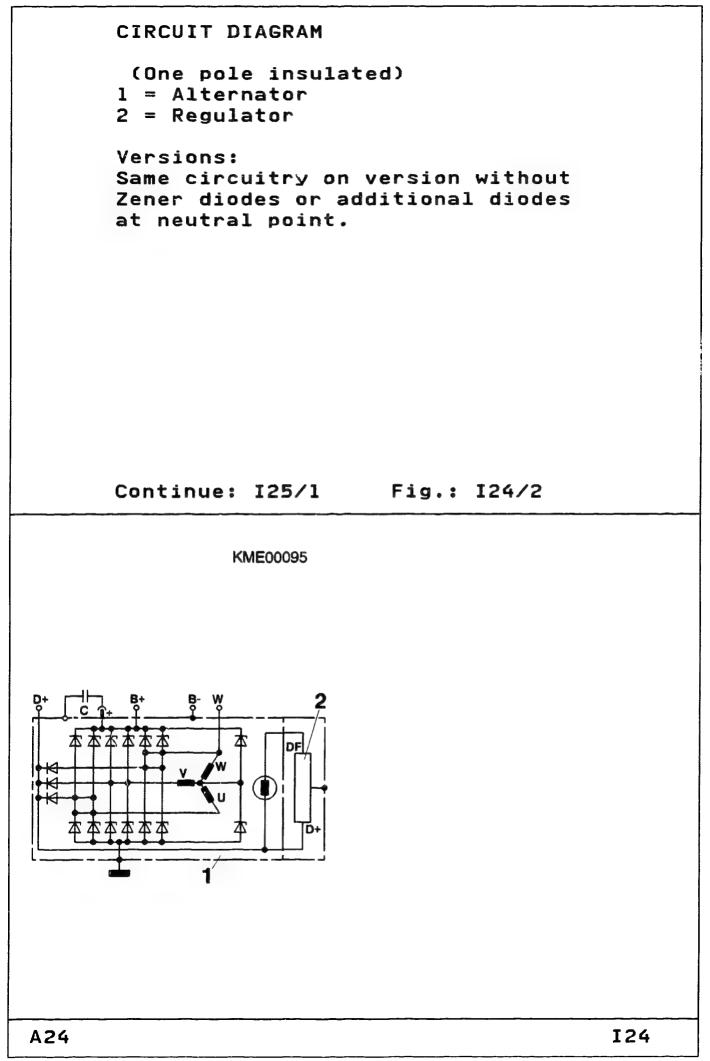


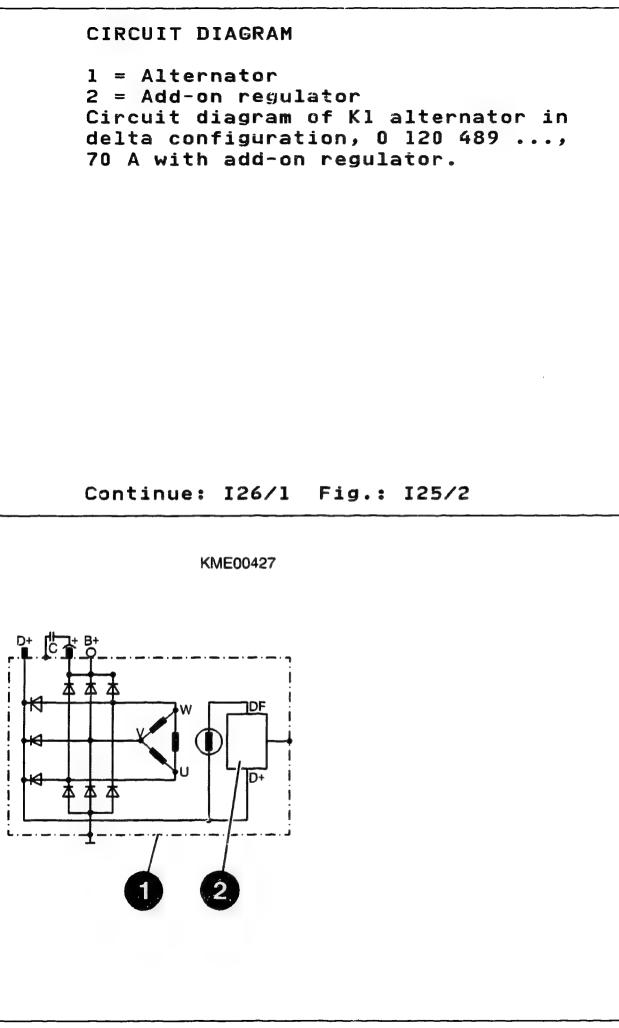


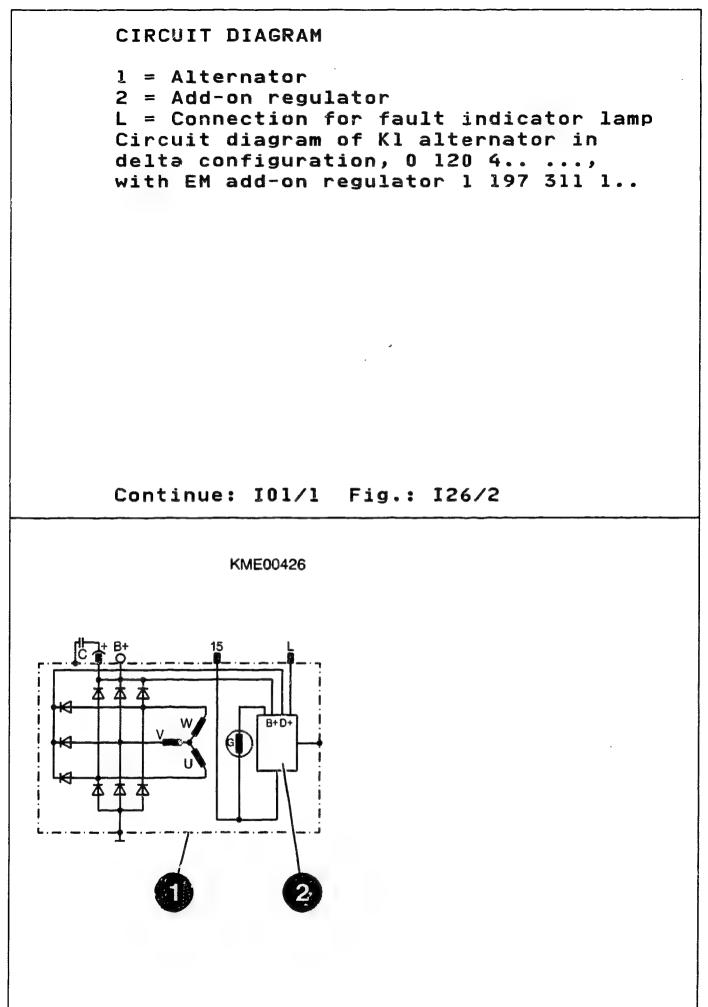




A23







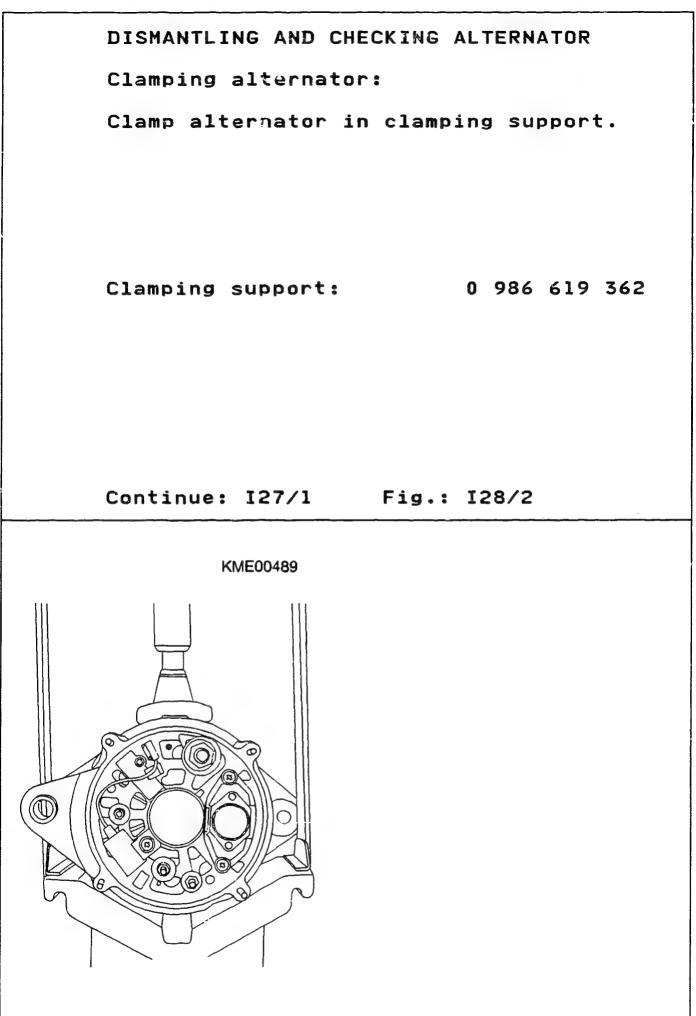
ALTERNATOR DISASSEMBLY/TEST TABLE

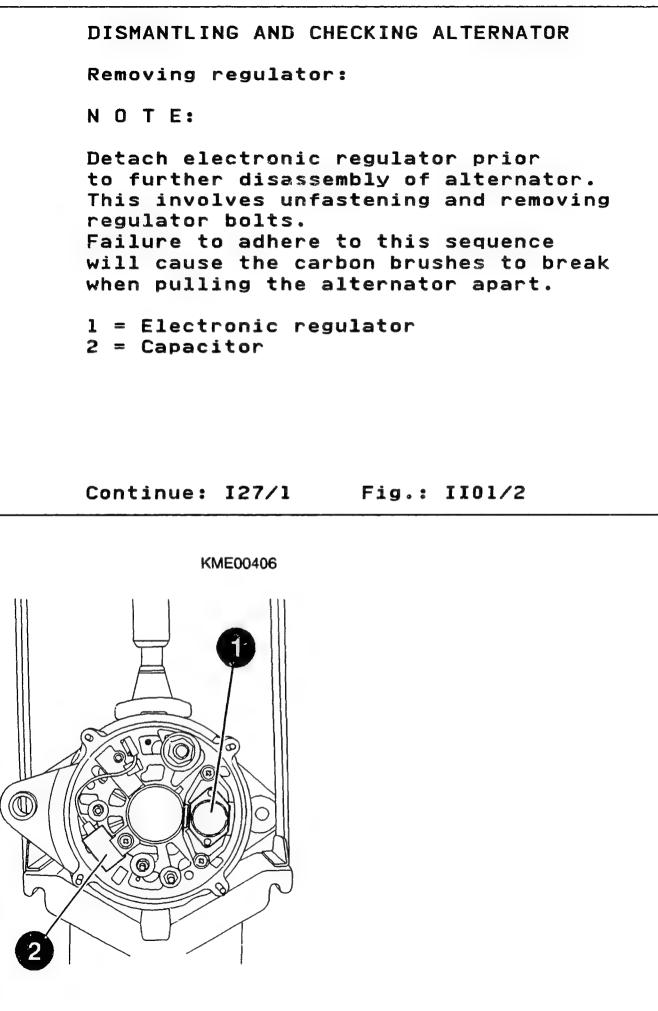
Clamping alternator I28/1 II01/1 Removing regulator Checking regulator and carbon II02/1 brushes Checking interferencesuppression capacitor II03/1 Removing fan and pulley II04/2 Dismantling drive-end bearing **II08/**1 II10/1 Checking rectifier Checking stator (resistance) II12/1

Continue: I27/2

ALTERNATOR DISASSEMBLY/TEST TABLE

Removing statorII13/1Checking stator (ground short)II14/1Removing rectifierII15/1Dismantling claw-pole rotorII15/1Checking rotorII18/1Measuring concentricityII20/1Pulling off collector ringsII22/1





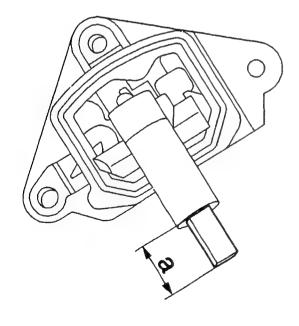
DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Checking regulator and carbon brushes: Check regulator for external damage.

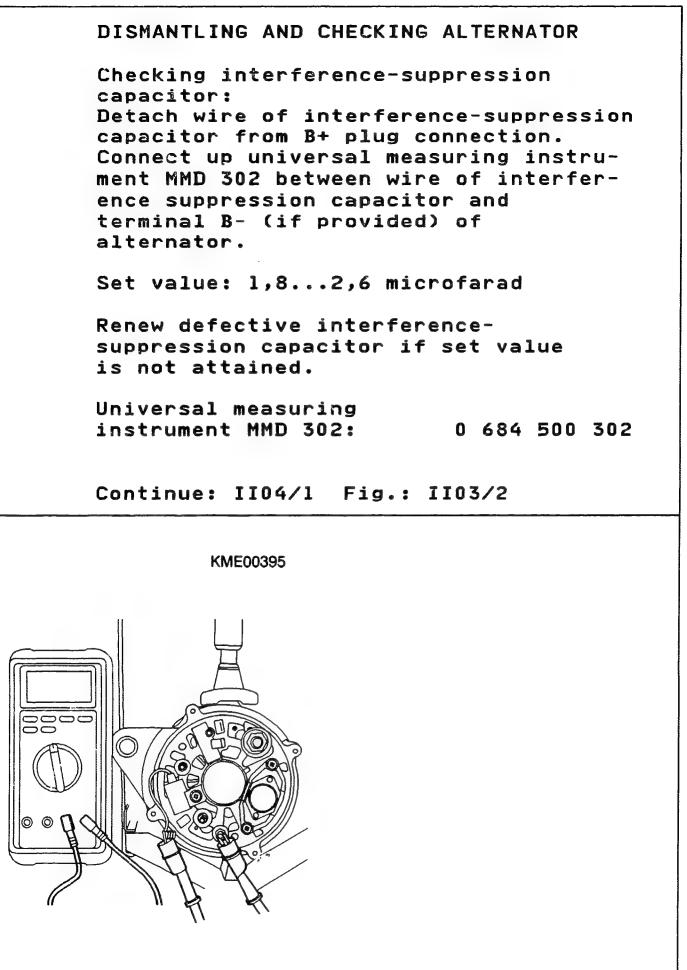
Replace regulator if carbon brushes have broken off or if projection "a" is less than 7 mm.

Min. brush projection: 5 mm

Continue: I27/1 Fig.: II02/2

KME00355





DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Checking interference-suppression capacitor:

ATTENTION:

After checking, short-circuit interference-suppression capacitor and thus discharge it to ensure that cleaning fluid does not catch fire when cleaning components.

Continue: I27/1

DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Removing fan and pulley:

NOTE:

Always use suitable tools for removing and installing fan and belt pulley, as bent or damaged fans and pulleys may jeopardize proper functioning of the alternator.

Continue: II05/1

DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Removing fan and pulley:

If alternators are fitted at the factory with a supporting plate, this must remain in place when performing repairs, as the entire alternator assembly is geared to the alignment of the V-belt and alterations/assembly errors could result in damage.

Continue: II06/1

DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

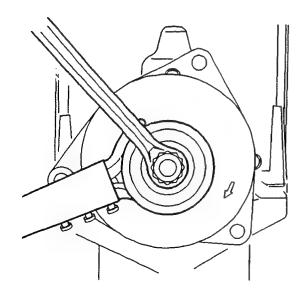
Removing fan and pulley:

On older alternators, use clamping fixture and suitable box wrench to unfasten securing nut and remove belt pulley with fan.

Clamping fixture: 0 986 618 107

Continue: II07/1 Fig.: II06/2

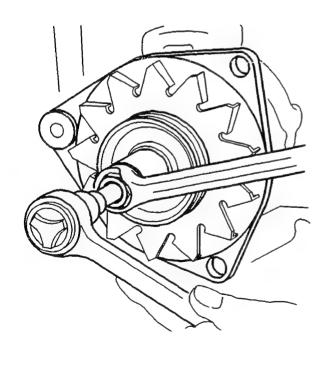
KME00396



DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Removing fan and pulley: On new alternators, attach socket wrench to securing nut of belt pullev. Support rotor shaft of alternator with suitable Allen key and use appropriate box wrench to unfasten nut. Socket wrench: 0 986 618 160

Continue: I27/1 Fig.: II07/2

KME00142



DIISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Dismantling drive-end bearing: NOTE:

Prior to further alternator disassembly, mark drive-end bearing, collector-ring end shield and stator to ensure that these components are fitted in the same position on assemblv.

Unfasten and remove bolts. Pull drive-end bearing with rotor out of collector-ring end shield.

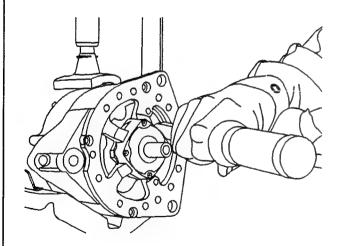
Continue: II09/1 Fig.: II08/2

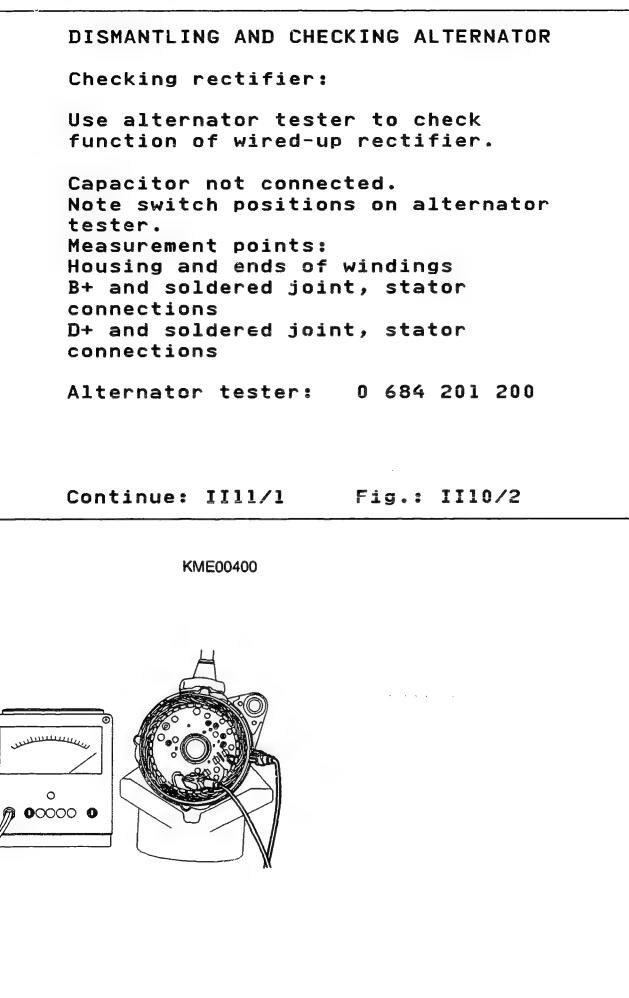
KME00398

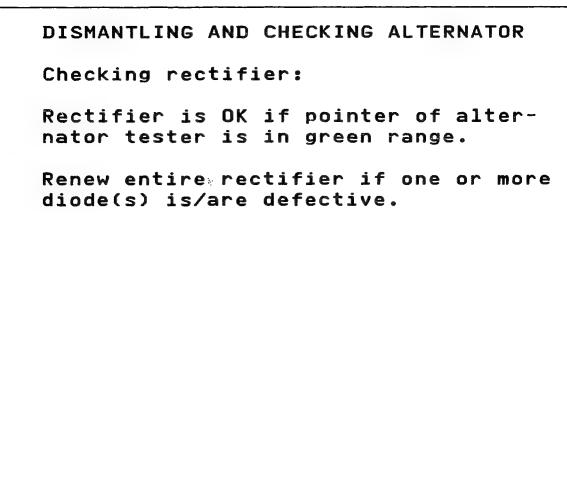
0 0 O 0 \bigcirc \cap ß 0 0 Ο 0

DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Dismantling drive-end bearing: NOTE: If stator in drive-end bearing has become seized up, it must be released before pulling out rotor. This is done by applying a suitable soft punch to the stator and detaching it from the drive-end bearing by tapping gently.

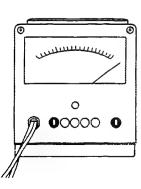
Continue: I27/1 Fig.: II09/2

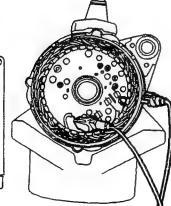






Continue: I27/1 Fig.: II11/2



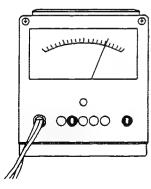


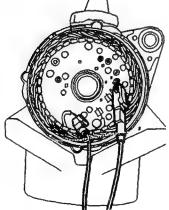
Checking stator (resistance):

Check stator resistance with stator installed. Pay attention to switch setting on tester. Stator resistances can be seen from TEST SPECIFICATIONS AND SETTINGS section.

Repeat test after removing stator (not illustrated). Alternator tester: 0 684 201 200

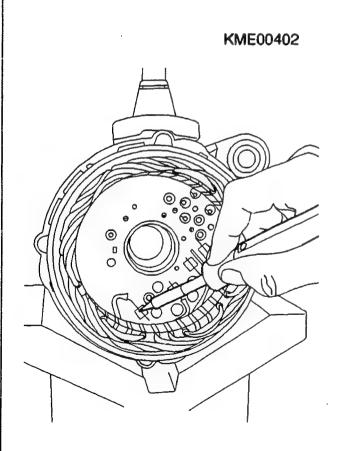
Continue: I27/1 Fig.: II12/2





DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Removing stator: Use soldering iron or gun to remove tin solder from phase connections. Bend open wiring connections with screwdriver and pull wiring out of evelets.

Continue: I27/2 Fig.: II13/2



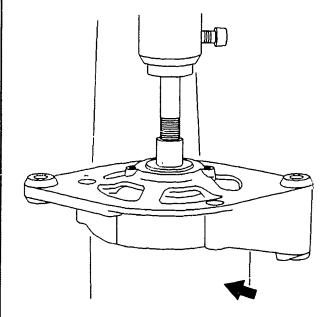
DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Checking stator (ground short): Test voltage: 80 V AC ' ATTENTION: Voltages of 80 V can cause fatal injury. When performing this test always take care to handle stator and all parts coming into electrical contact with it in the proper manner. 0 986 619 101 Test prods: Continue: I27/2 Fig.: II14/2 KME00403

Dismantling claw-pole rotor:

Rotor is only to be removed if collector rings, excitation winding or deep-groove ball bearing/collectorring end shield defective. Position drive-end bearing on pressingout ring (arrow) if retaining plate of deep-groove ball bearing is bolted from inside of alternator. Use mandrel press and suitable mandrel to press out claw-pole rotor.

Pressing-out ring: to be improvised

Continue: II16/1 Fig.: II15/2

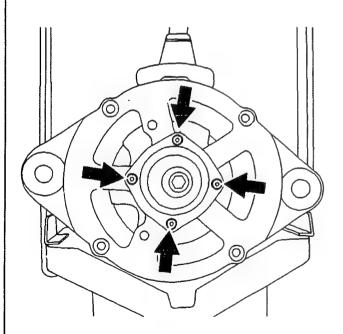


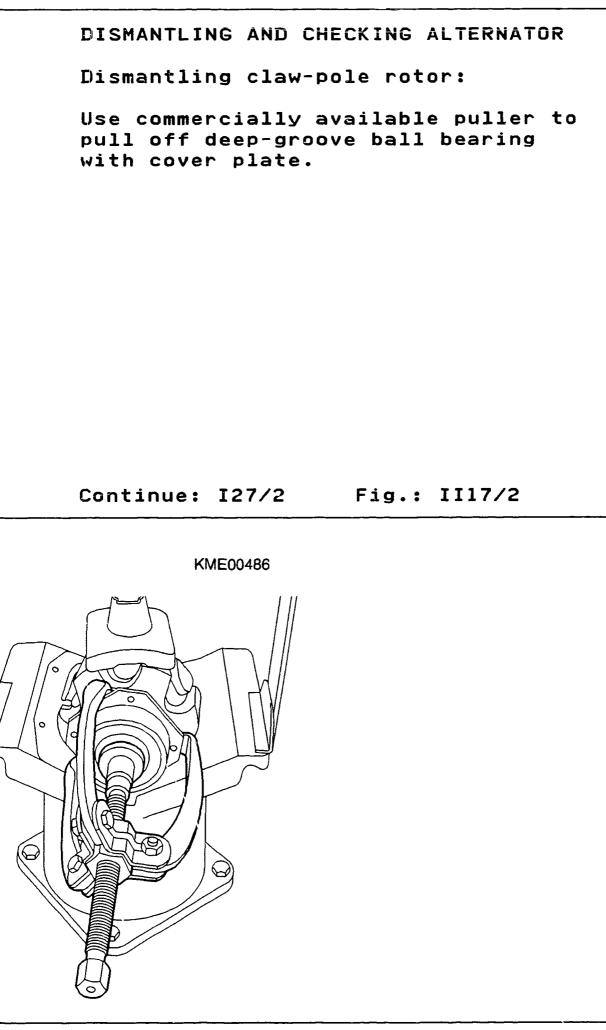
Dismantling claw-pole rotor:

Clamp rotor in clamping support if retaining plate of deep-groove ball bearing is externally bolted. Remove bolts.

Pull deep-groove ball bearing with rotor out of bearing end shield (slide fit).

Continue: II17/1 Fig.: II16/2



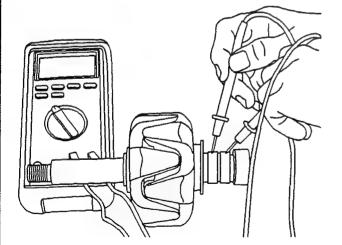


Checking rotor (resistance):

Use alternator tester or universal measuring instrument MMD 302 to measure rotor resistance. Rotor resistances can be seen from TEST SPECIFICATIONS AND SETTINGS section.

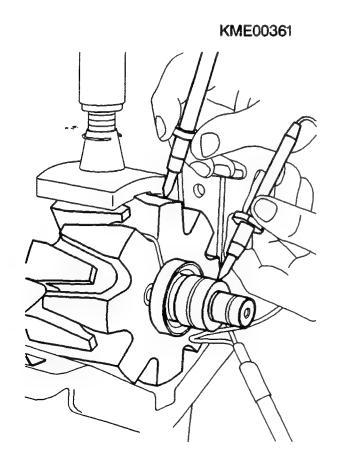
Alternator tester:0684201200Universal measuringinstrument MMD 302:0684500302

Continue: II19/1 Fig.: II18/2



DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Checking rotor: (short to ground) Use interturn short-circuit tester and test prods to check rotor for short to ground Test voltage: 80 V AC Interturn short-circuit 0 986 619 110 tester: Test prods: 0 986 619 101

Continue: I27/2 Fig.: II19/2



DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Measuring concentricity: Clamp rotor at mounting points in V-blocks and align so as to be exactly horizontal. Perform concentricity measurement at OD of rotor (arrow) and OD of collector rings using magnetic measurement stand and dial indicator. Dial indicator: 1 687 233 011 Magnetic measurement 4 851 601 124 stand: Continue: II21/1 Fig.: II20/2 KME00111

Concentricity measurement:

Max. deviation at rotor: 0,05 mm

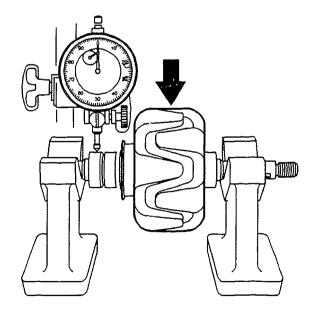
Max. deviation at collector rings:

0,03 mm

Turn down collector rings in the event of greater deviation.

Min. collector ring diameters are listed in TEST SPECIFICATIONS AND SETTINGS section.

Continue: I27/2 Fig.: II21/2



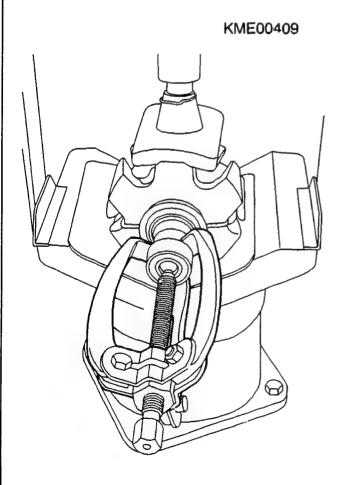
Pulling off collector rings:

Use commercially available puller to pull off deep-groove ball bearing.

Unsolder wires of excitation winding from collector rings.

Use commercially available puller to pull collector rings off rotor shaft.

Continue: I27/2 Fig.: II22/2



COMPONENT CLEANING

ATTENTION: FIRE RISK

For interference suppression, alternators are fitted with capacitors with a long storage time.

When washing out components, capacitor discharge may occur on immersing components in cleaning fluids, thus possibly causing inflammable liquids to catch fire.

Continue: II23/2

COMPONENT CLEANING

For this reason, components with capacitors are only to be washed out in HAKU 1025/6.

Continue: I01/1

ALTERNATOR ASSEMBLY TABLE

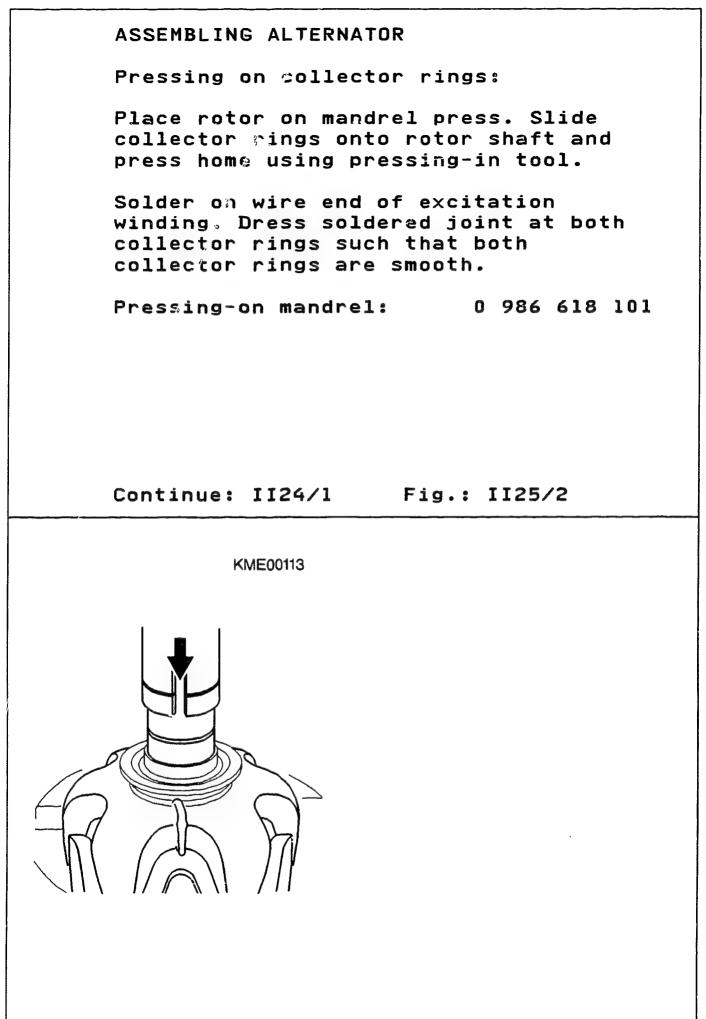
Pressing on collector rings II25/1 Assembling drive-end bearing II26/1 Pressing rotor into drive- II28/1 end bearing Assembling collector-ring end III01/1 shield (with O-ring) Assembling collector-ring end III02/1 shield (with plastic bushing)

Continue: II24/2

ALTERNATOR ASSEMBLY TABLE

Installing rectifierIII03/1Installing stator and rotorIII06/1Assembling fan and pulleyIII09/1Installing regulatorIII11/1Attaching capacitorIII12/1

Continue: IO1/1



ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR Assembling drive-end bearing: (retaining plate bolted from inside) Insert new deep-groove ball bearing in drive-end bearing. Fit new retaining plate and secure, making sure that hole in retaining plate is aligned with hole in deepgroove ball bearing. Tightening torque: 2,4...2,9 Nm

Continue: II27/1

Assembling drive-end bearing: (externally bolted retaining plate)

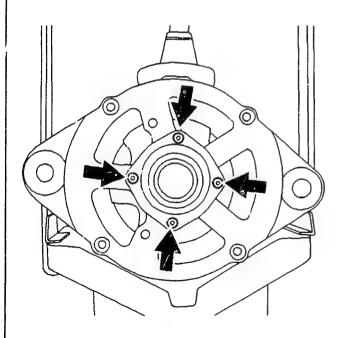
ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR

Insert new deep-groove ball bearing in drive-end bearing.

Fit new retaining plate and tighten bolts alternately.

Tightening torque: 2,4...2,9 Nm

Continue: II24/1 Fig.: II27/2



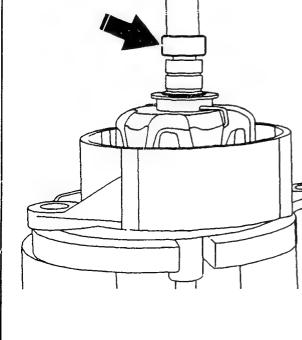
ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR

Pressing rotor into drive-end bearing:

Insert new spacer ring in drive-end bearing on fan end with narrow collar facing deep-groove ball bearing. Position drive-end bearing with spacer ring on a suitable surface such that no pressure is exerted on bearing-end shield when pressing in rotor. Position (arrow) deep-groove ball bearing on rotor shaft on collector-ring end. Use pressing-in mandrel to press home deep-groove ball bearing and rotor in drive-end bearing.

Pressing-in mandrel: 0 986 618 100

Continue: II24/1 Fig.: II28/2



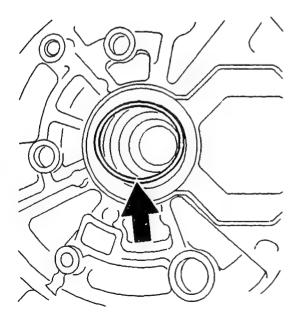
ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR

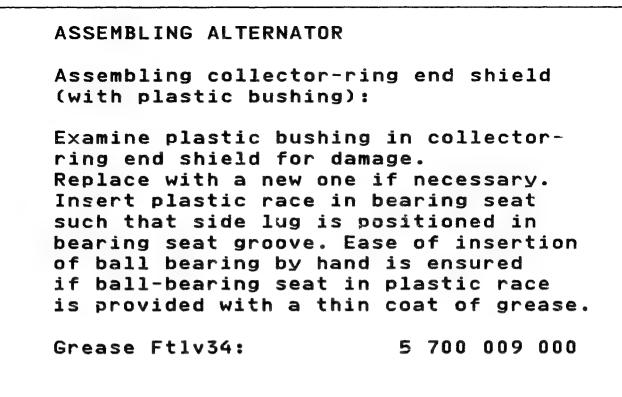
Assembling collector-ring end shield (with O-ring):

Examine O-ring in collector-ring end shield for damage.

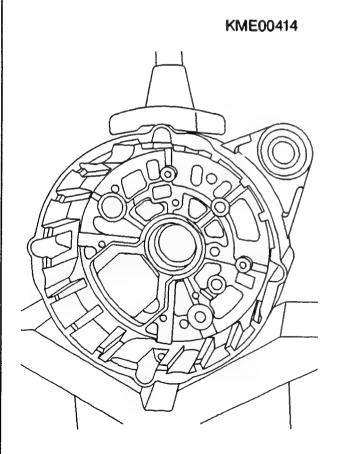
Replace with new O-ring if necessary.

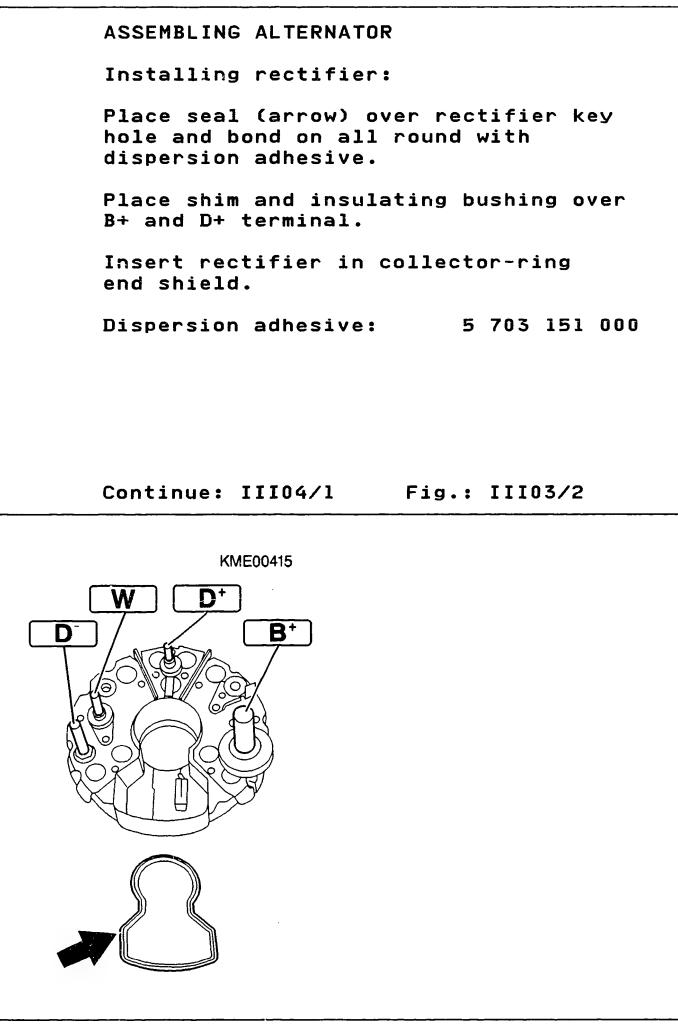
Continue: II24/1 Fig.: III01/2

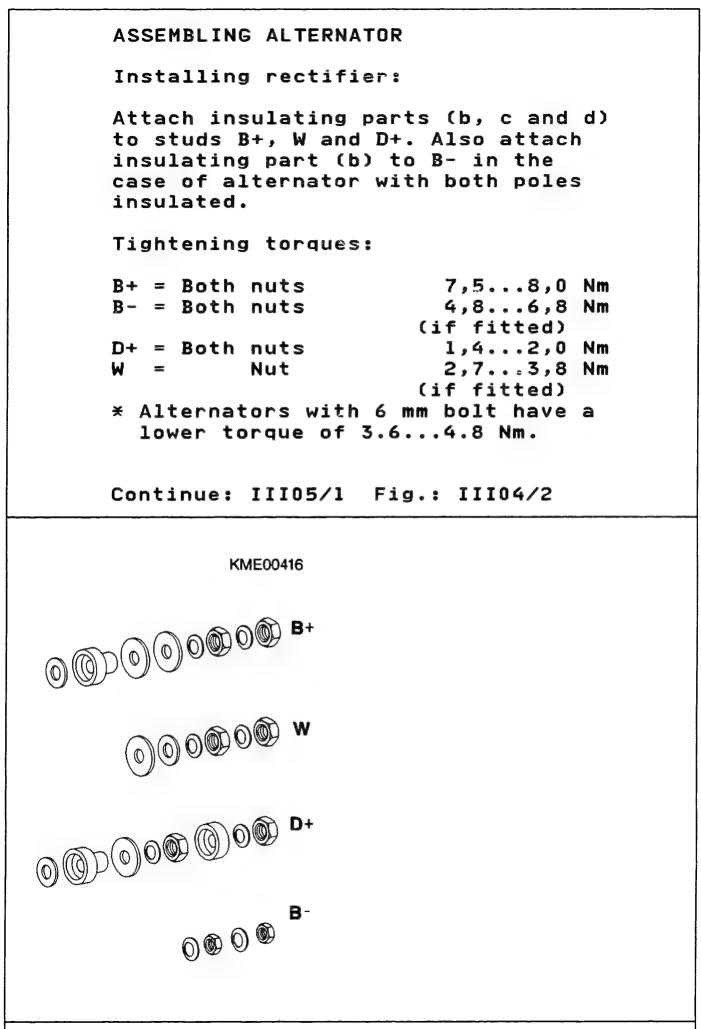


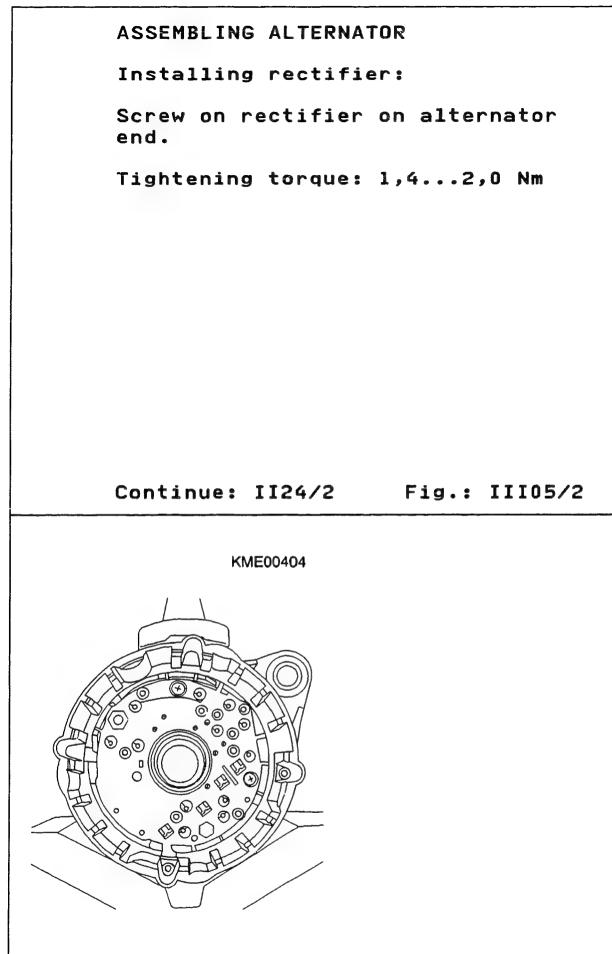


Continue: II24/1 Fig.: III02/2





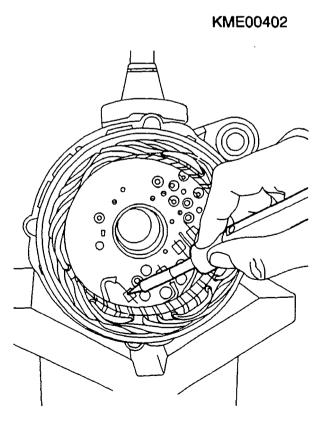




ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR Installing stator and rotor: Position stator at collector-ring end shield. Align marks on collector-ring end shield and stator made prior to alternator disassembly. Solder on stator connecting wires. Wires must then not catch on rotor. NOTE: Take care not to use too much tin solder to avoid creating shorting

links. Cover soldered and welded joints with silicone.

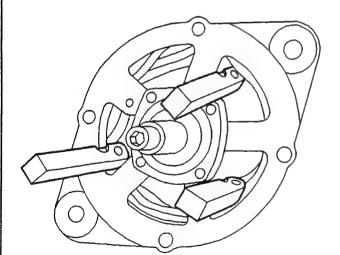
Continue: III07/1 Fig.: III06/2



ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR Installing stator and rotor: Carefully insert rotor with driveend bearing.

Continue: III08/1

ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR Assembling drive-end bearing: The following operations must be performed to ensure proper concentricity of the rotor and alignment of the drive-end bearing: Insert three feeler gauges at intervals of 120 between stator and rotor. Fit housing bolts and then tighten alternatelv. 4,1...5,5 Nm Tightening torque: 0.2 mm Leaf thickness: Feeler gauges: 0 986 618 378 Continue: II24/2 Fig.: Ill08/2



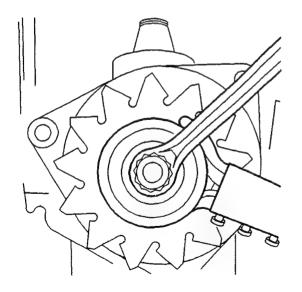
ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR

Assembling fan and pulley:

On older alternators, insert Woodruff kev in groove. Slip NEW fan and supporting plate onto shaft in correct manner. Make sure 5 mm wide and 0.3 mm high embossment at edge of supporting plate is facing fan. Attach belt pulley components to shaft in correct sequence. Fasten entire assembly in position using appropriate box wrench and clamping fixture. Alternators with collar nut have a higher torque of 65...75 Nm. Tightening torque: 35...45 Nm 0 986 618 107 Clamping fixture:

Continue: III10/1 Fig.: III09/2

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III09

ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR

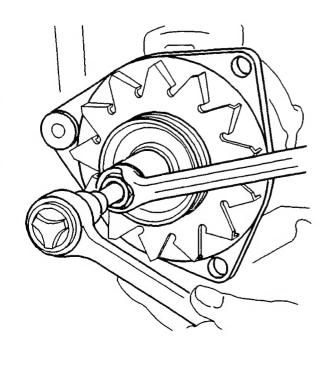
Assembling fan and pulley:

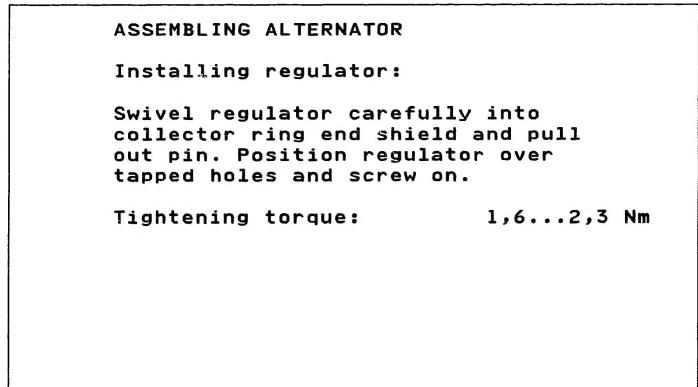
Insert Woodruff key in groove. Slip NEW fan and supporting plate onto shaft in correct manner. Make sure 5 mm wide and 0.3 mm high embossment at edge of supporting plate is facing fan. Attach belt pulley components to shaft in correct sequence. Fasten entire assembly in position using Allen key and suitable box wrench. Alternators with collar nut have a higher torque of 65...75 Nm.

Tightening torque:

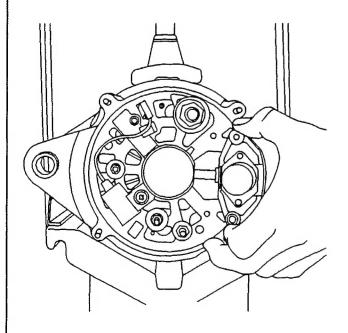
45...55 Nm

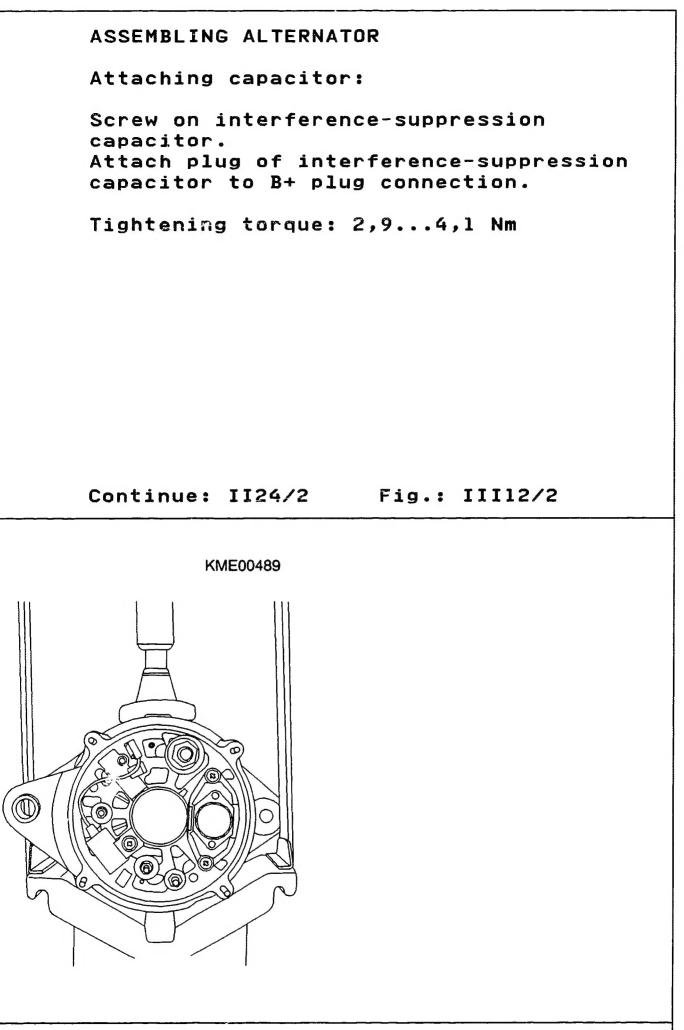
Continue: II24/2 Fig.: III10/2





Continue: II24/2 Fig.: III11/2





EDITORIAL NOTE

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Continue: III13/2

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Continue: I01/1